Sweet Oranges from the UF/IFAS Citrus Breeding Team

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# **UF/IFAS Plant Breeding**

 The University of Florida has a history of improving several crop plant species for Florida's stakeholders

 Current activities range from conventionally breeding to importing germplasm from other countries to editing and transforming plants (CRISPR and transgenics), among other methods (somatic hybridization, somaclonal selection, etc.)

# **UF/IFAS Plant Breeding**

- The UF/IFAS citrus breeders have released many cultivars and developed technology to improve sweet orange
- \* Some selections are sweet orange-like and may serve the industry in the near future
- \* Some material appears somewhat HLB tolerant; other material is highly susceptible

#### What is HLB tolerance?

 Ability of the tree to continue to produce commercial yields and quality despite being infected with HLB

- A trait that plants possess when they exhibit minimal disease damage despite substantial pathogen levels
- \* Tolerance promotes host health while having a neutral to positive impact of pathogen fitness

#### Purpose of this talk

- The take-home message is that there exists material that appears to be more tolerant than conventional standards
- Research is underway to determine the healthiest combinations and whether these selections will produce the yields and pounds solids required for profitability
- \* Whether the level of tolerance available translates into a sustainable enterprise with optimal caretaking and environment is unknown

# **UF Sweet Oranges Released**

Where did they come from? Not from crosses!

#### **CREC Released Sweet oranges**

- B9-65 Valencia
- OLL-4
- OLL-8
- N7-3 'Valenfresh'
- SF14W-62 Valquarius
- SF11-1-24 MidSweet
- N13-32 Hamlin
- EV-1 Early Valencia
- EV-2 Early Valencia

#### 2021 CREC Release

• OLL-20

Vernia was a CREC discovery (Dr. Bill Castle)

Source

organogenesis, adventive shoot somatic embryogenesis from callus somatic embryogenesis from callus somatic embryogenesis from protoplasts somatic embryogenesis from protoplasts budwood irradiation somatic embryogenesis from protoplasts organogenesis, adventive shoot somatic embryogenesis from protoplasts

somatic embryogenesis from callus

#### **HLB** tolerant Juice Oranges

- \* B-9-65 Valencia (marginal);
- \* N13-32 Hamlin (seems more than marginal; variable)
- \* OLL line releases: **OLL-4, OLL-8, OLL-20** (8 seems best) Unreleased: OLL-10 (seems healthy) and the DC line
- \* Sweet orange-like hybrids, but they are not technically sweet orange; 'Sugar Belle' seems to be "tolerant"



#### PS/Box and Boxes/tree



'Valencia' alternate bearing: the power of long-term field research



### Are these the ones that matter?



#### Results: Brix and PS/acre

|  | Mean                         |                              |                      |                   |                          |                         | Cumulative                |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Selection                              | Brix*                        | Acid*                        | Ratio*               | PS/box*           | Boxes/tree**             | PS/acre***              | PS/acre ***               |
| V-B-9-65                               | 12.4                         | 0.82                         | 15.8                 | 6.3               | 2.9                      | 2,117                   | 11,420                    |
| Appleby Val/J                          | 12.2                         | 0.84                         | 15.2                 | 6.2               | 2.9                      | 2,113                   | 11,038                    |
| V-10-12-7/M                            | 12.5                         | 0.79                         | 16.5                 | 6.2               | 2.7                      | 1,935                   | 10,194                    |
| V-T-4-43                               | 12.2                         | 0.82                         | 15.6                 | 6.1               | 2.6                      | 1,809                   | 10,047                    |
| V-10-12-7/J                            | 12.4                         | 0.81                         | 15.9                 | 6.3               | 2.6                      | 1,871                   | 9,852                     |
| V-10-12-7/M<br>V-T-4-43<br>V-10-12-7/J | 12.2<br>12.5<br>12.2<br>12.4 | 0.84<br>0.79<br>0.82<br>0.81 | 16.5<br>15.6<br>15.9 | 6.2<br>6.1<br>6.3 | 2.5<br>2.7<br>2.6<br>2.6 | 1,935<br>1,809<br>1,871 | 10,194<br>10,047<br>9,852 |

- \* <u>V-B-9-65</u> was the best performing scion in the trial (released by IFAS).
- \* Appleby (juvenile) was a close second, but the processors did not like the flavor (oil is different).
- \* Industry standard ranked far behind in 3<sup>rd</sup> place.



#### **B9-65** Valencia (PP27,144) for processing

- A high yield, high solids selection with typical Valencia maturity, best of 30 selections for yield and soluble solids in trial at Conserve II.

# B9-65 Valencia

In the 2021/2022 budwood report, Valencia UF
B9-65 had 11,794 propagations (2020/2021: 25,716)

- In my experience, B9-65 can have marginally better or equal health compared to conventional Valencia
- From what I have seen so far, B9-65 is not the answer to HLB, but may have better health compared to standards; consider some rows of B9-65 for comparisons

### The OLL line

- \* Developed by Jude Grosser using somaclone methods.
- Tree health seems to be superior to Hamlin and Valencia under HLB conditions
- \* Several lines under evaluation
- \* Releases: OLL-4, OLL-8, and OLL-20

# **OLL** Sweet Orange

# **OLL Sweet Orange**

# **OLL Sweet Orange**

# **OLL tolerance**

# OLL-8 (New data)



Figure 2. Average Brix across three sampling dates . Letters above bars indicate significant differences among treatment groups.

# The OLLs (new data)



Fruit and juice weight

Figure 5. Average yield and juice weight per tree. Letters above bars indicate significant differences among treatment groups. Separate ANOVAs and post hoc tests were run for yield (blue) and juice weight (red).

# **OLL** propagations

- \* Sweet Orange UF OLL-8: 27,418 propagations in 2021/2022 report (37,235 in 2020/2021)
- Sweet Orange UF OLL-4: 7,824 propagations in 2021/2022 report (1,598 in 2020/2021)
- Valencia Mid UF OLL-20: 1,898 propagations in 2021/2022 (2,236 in 2020/2021)

# N13-32 Hamlin

# N13-32 on UFR-4



# Polk County Trial A



# N13-32 Hamlin

# Hamlin 13-32

 Hamlin UF N13-32: 23,739 propagations in 2021-2022 report (about 8% of the early oranges, doubled from previous year)

- \* UFR-4 seems to be a good rootstock for this selection, although other rootstocks seem to work as well
- \* DNA sampling underway to identify best clones

#### Good Hybrid Juice December color for blending

Several sweet orange-like hybrids have been selected for OJ improvement and entered into the PTP; some with better HLB tolerance

> ie. 1859 3-3-52 KE-6-3 C4-15-50 C7-11-7

#### UF 1859 Hybrid

Original tree has good HLB tolerance High Brix, tropical flavor notes Attractive fruit for fresh market Juice processing characteristics TBD Included in MAC, topworking, and nursery trials





#### Conclusions

- \* UF/IFAS has material that seems to be tolerant to HLB. We also have seemingly resistant rootstock material under evaluation
- \* Whether planting solid blocks of this material will result in a sustainable enterprise is under investigation
- Several growers are trying UF/IFAS material; if you have interest in seeing or trialing UF/IFAS sweet oranges, fresh fruit, or lemons, contact me

#### We work for you

\* UF/IFAS will continue to work hard on a solution for this vital industry

 Thank you for staying in the battle against HLB

#### **Thank you, CRDF!**

#### Questions? Feedback? Leads? chater Qufl.edu +1 863 956 8662