

Using Citrus tristeza virus (CTV)-based vector as a platform for the management of Huanglongbing (HLB)

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Healthy



HLB (+) citrus

Teamwork is the key to success



Turksen Shilts



Carmen Bierman

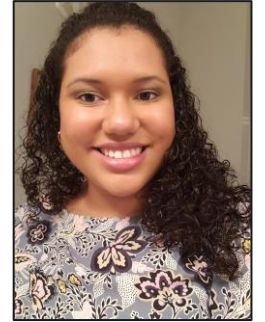


Dr. Bill Dawson
**“ Founder of CTV team
Florida”**

**All Florida team CTV
Members past and
present**



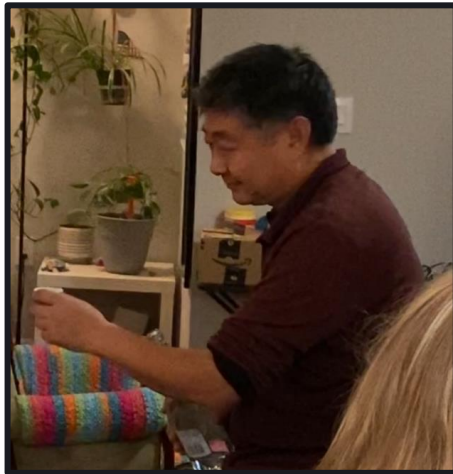
**Cecile
Robertson**



**Maria
Robinson**



Kerri Leis



Hezhong Wang

Hernandez-Salas, Francis

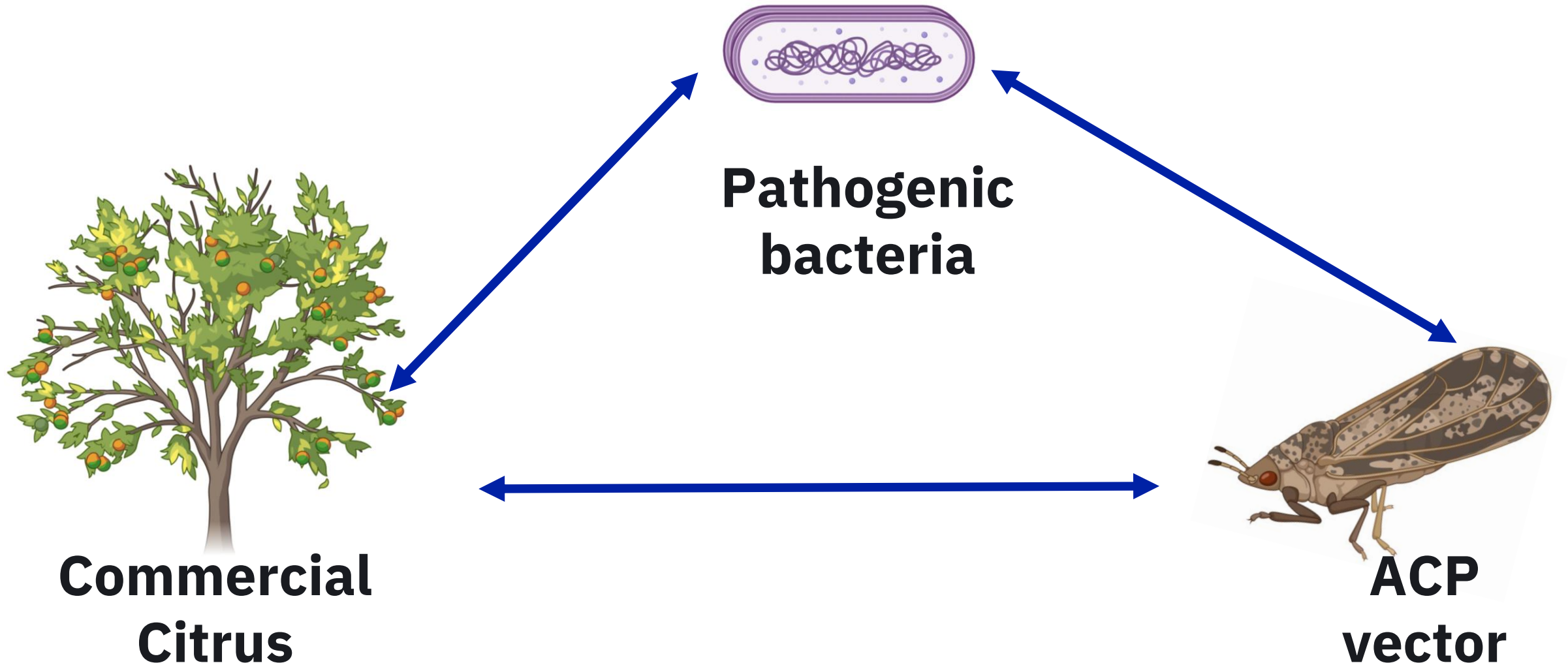
Keyshawn Tention

Dave Sajdak

Take home message

- Not all Citrus tristeza virus (CTV) isolates/genotypes are highly virulent
- CTV overexpression and RNA interference vectors are stable for many years
- CTV vectors are used as phloem bio-delivery tools to screen therapeutics against the HLB pathosystem
- CTV-T36 vectors are used to induce flowering in citrus seedlings

HLB pathosystem



Biology of CTV

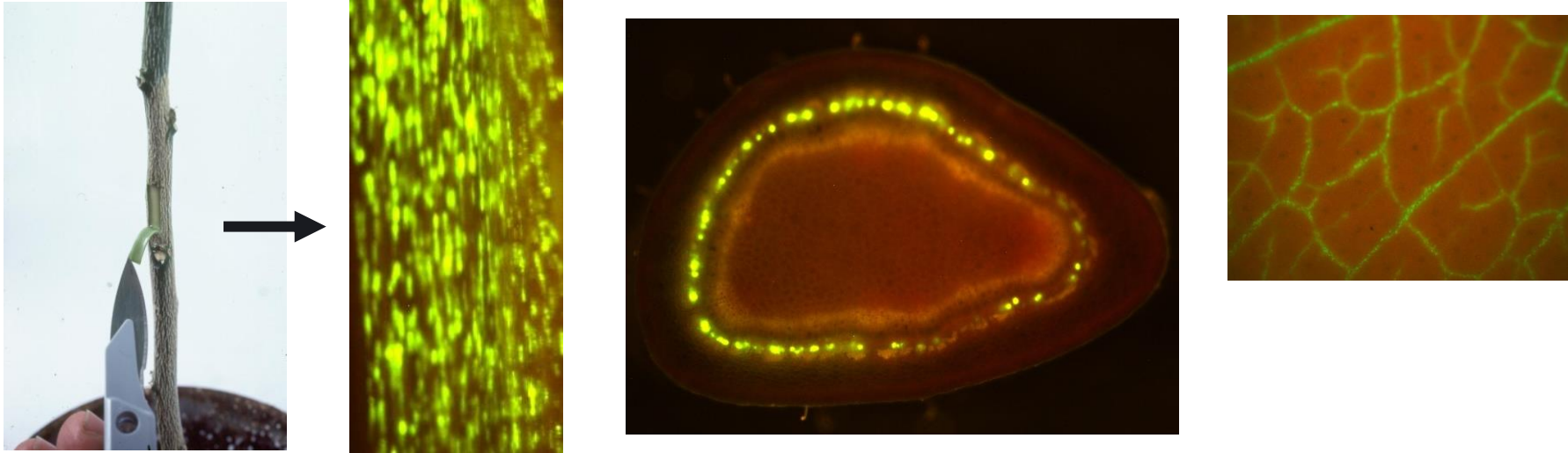
- **Complex interaction** exist with the **host** and **aphid insect vectors**

(Dawson et al., 2013)

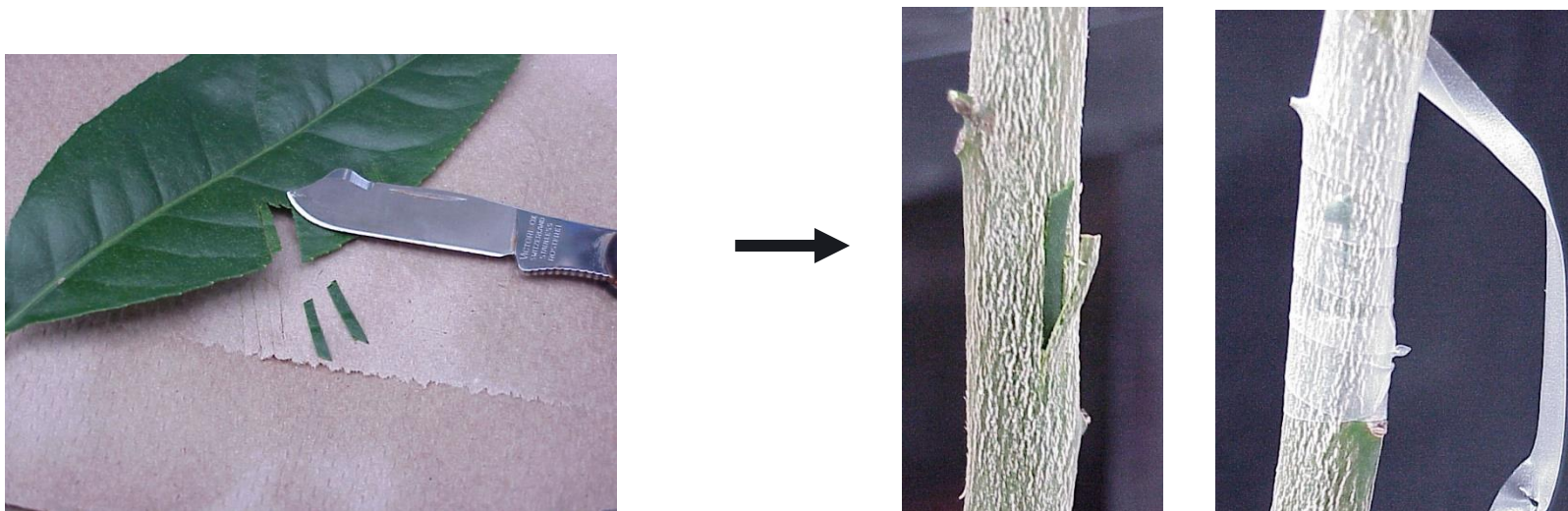


Picture from Roistacher et al., 2010.

CTV Overexpression Vectors



Graft transmission of CTV among citrus seedlings



CTV RNA interference vectors

CTV-WT

CTV-t-PDS (3 years)



PDS = phytoene
desaturase has a
bleaching
phenotype when
not expressed
or inhibited

Advantage of CTV vector

- Relatively faster and easier than transforming citrus plants
- Graft transmission between different Citrus genotypes
- No genome modification (horticultural characteristics need no testing)

CTV delivered therapeutics

- Target the bacteria directly
- To induce resistance in the plant
- Prevent Spread by targeting the Asian citrus psyllid

CTV-AMP induced HLB tolerance in Citrus

CTV-wild type

CTV-AMP protected



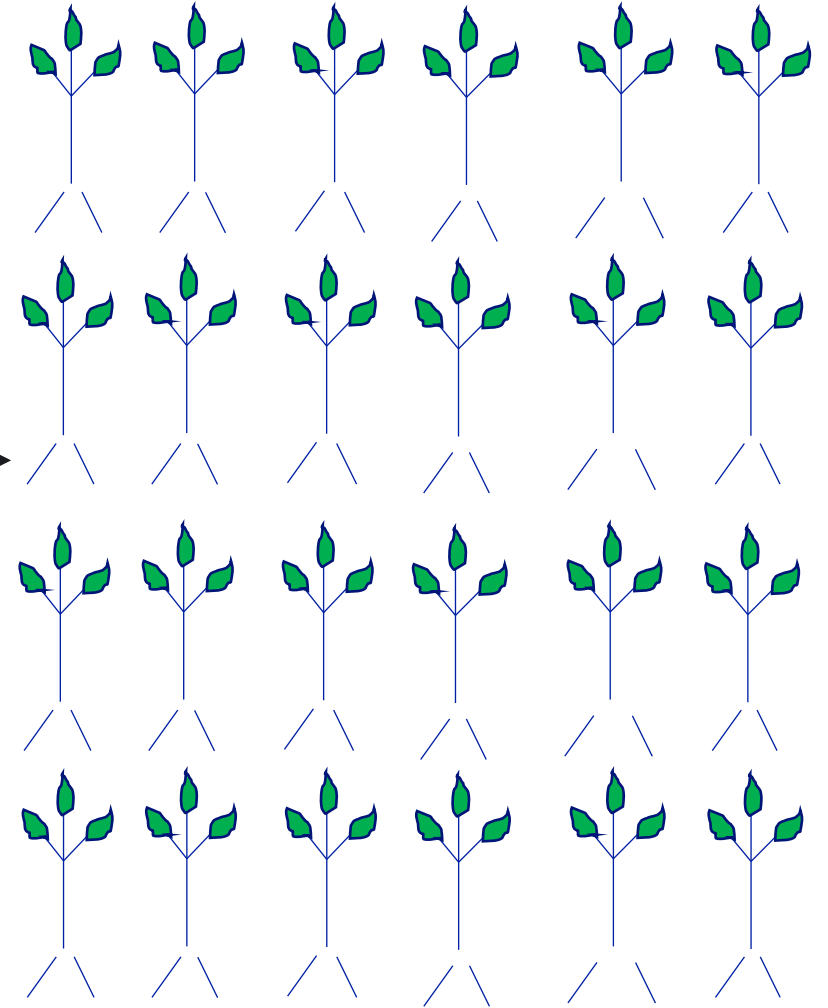
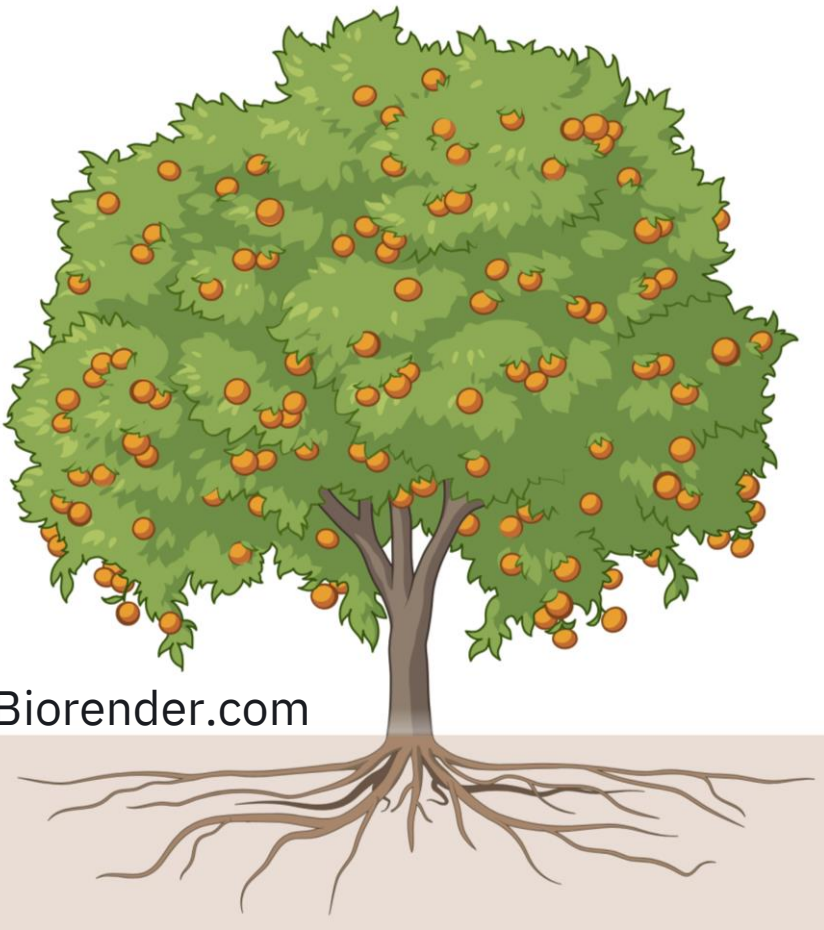
1 year after infection



3 years after infection

**All plants
confirmed
HLB
positive by
qPCR**

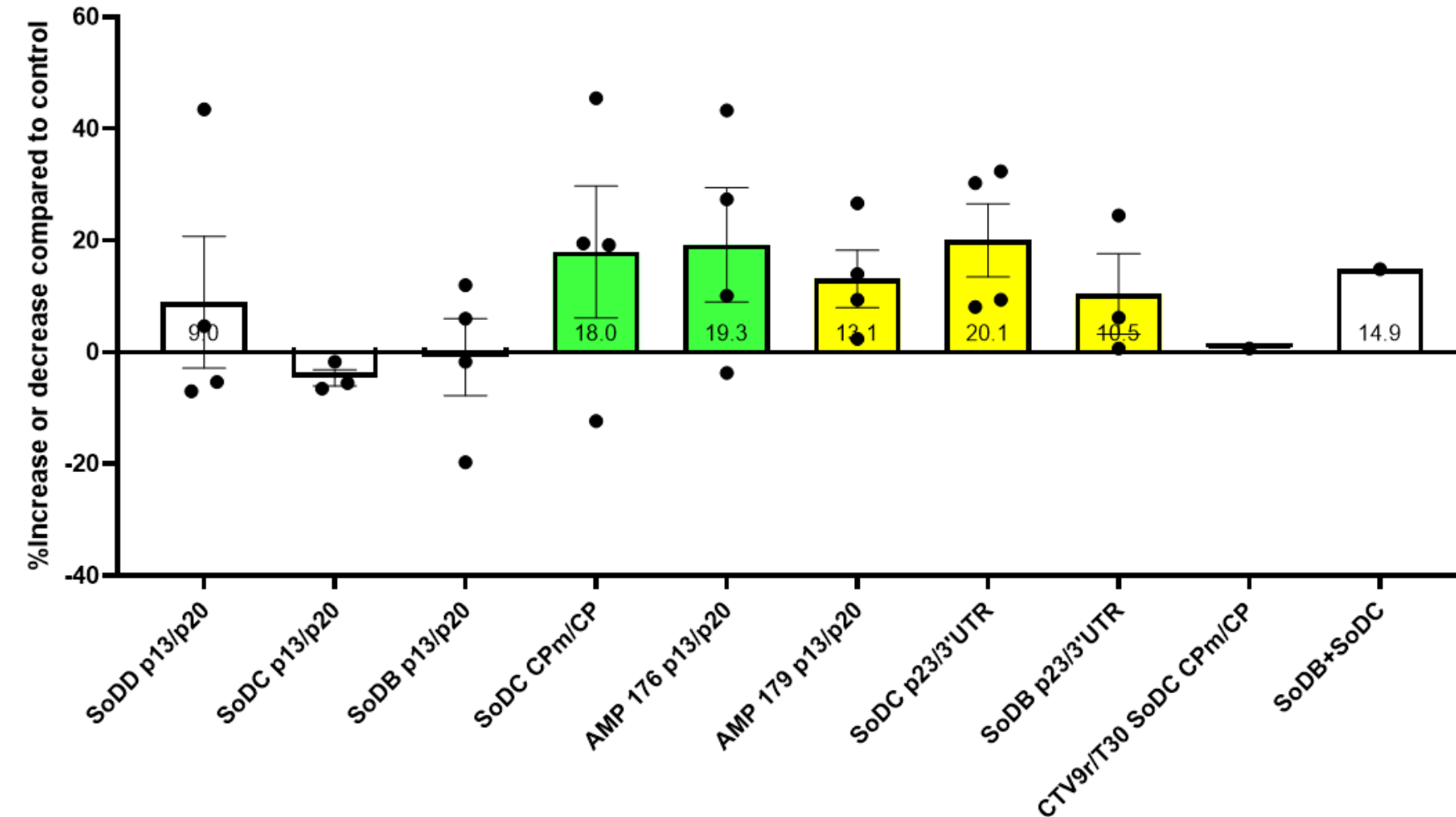
CTV vector delivered AMP field testing



CTV vector infected source plant

CTV vector delivered AMP yield effect

Comparison of harvest data to control - all harvests



Field test results from Mike Irey of US Sugar trials.

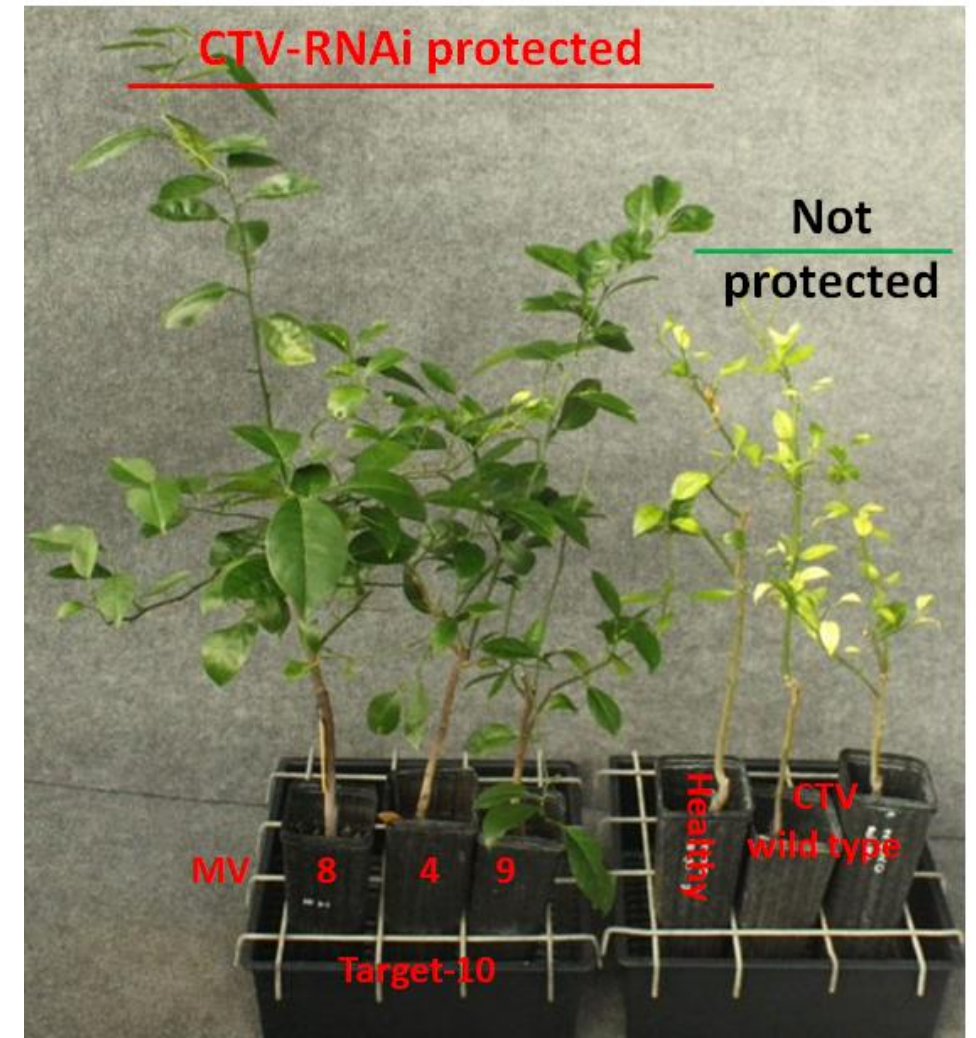
CTV vectors to manipulate citrus genes

- Use different strategies to modulate sweet orange plant response to HLB infection to induce tolerance (>80 genes).
- Identify targets for collaborators to modify by CRISPR
- Working to understand why elite commercial lines are susceptible to HLB

CTV-RNAi induced HLB tolerance in Citrus

Manipulation of plant defense

Plant Susceptibility genes



CTV-RNAi induced HLB tolerance in Citrus

Manipulation of plant defense



CTV delivered therapeutics to target ACP

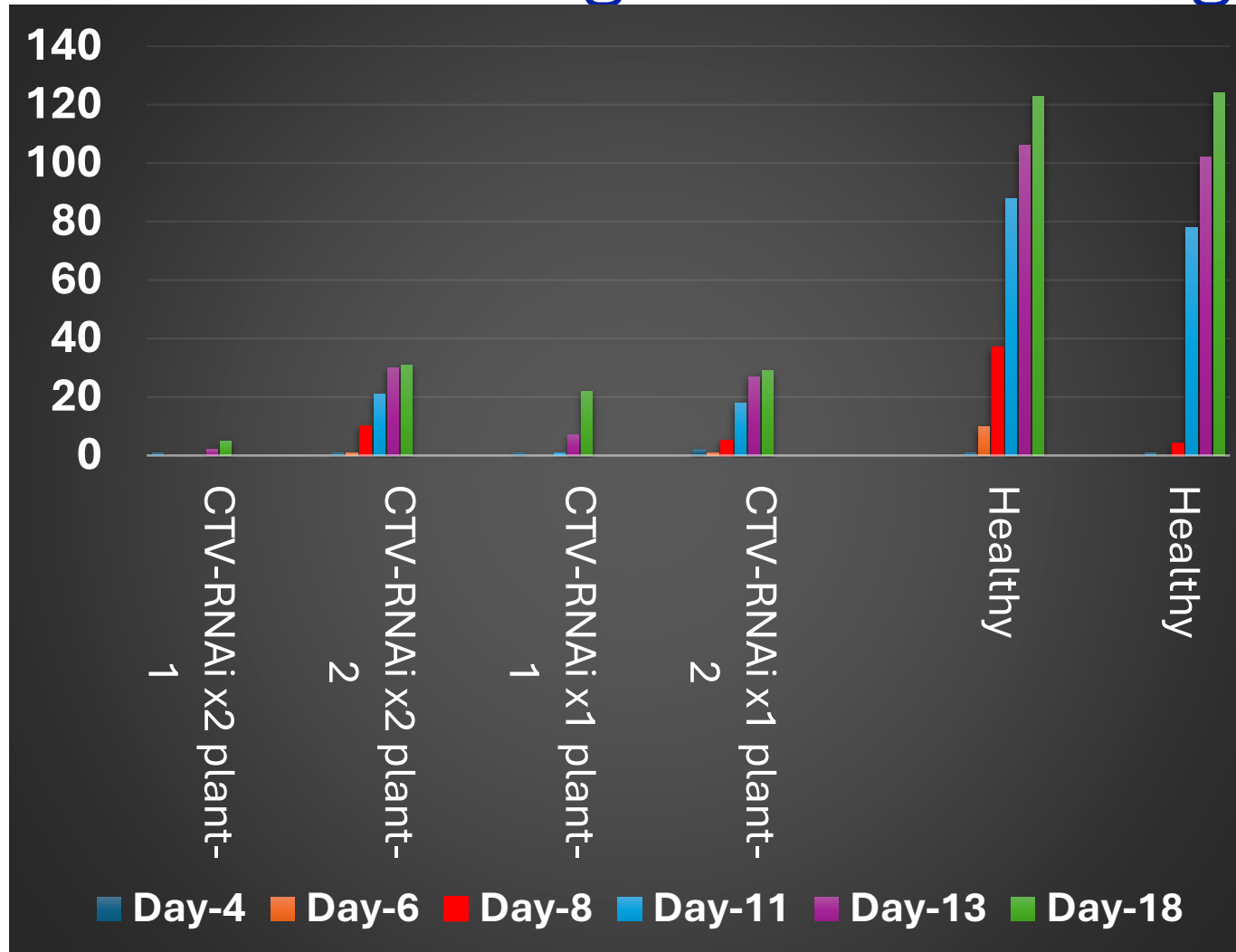
- Prevent Spread by targeting the Asian citrus psyllid (ACP)

Modify ACP phloem diet

1. RNAi against psyllid genes
2. Bacillus thuringiensis pesticidal proteins (Bt)

CTV RNAi to Modify ACP phloem diet

Adult ACP emergence after mating



Bt proteins to Modify ACP phloem diet using CTV

Healthy Control

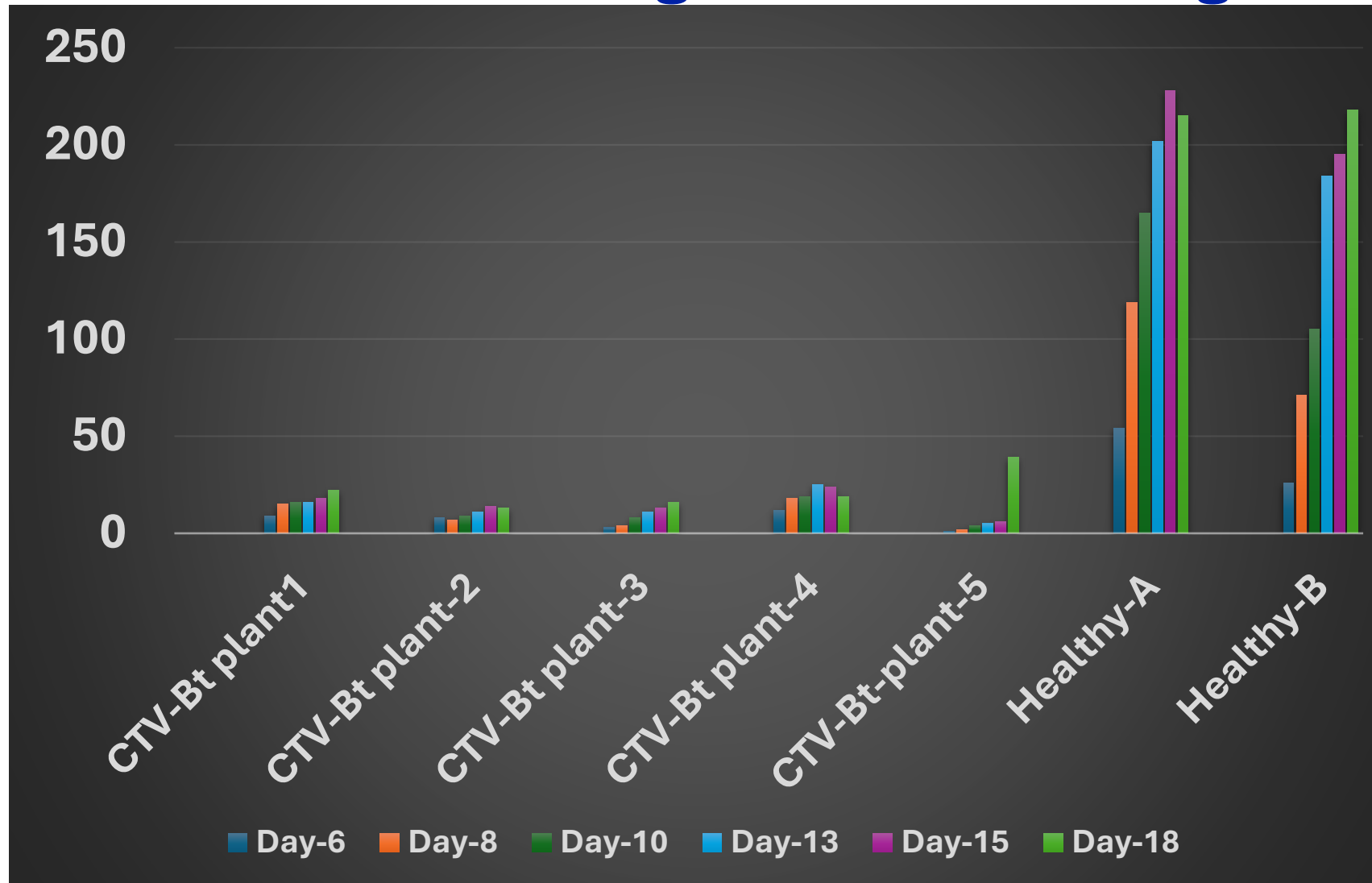


CTV-Bt



Bt proteins to Modify ACP phloem diet using CTV

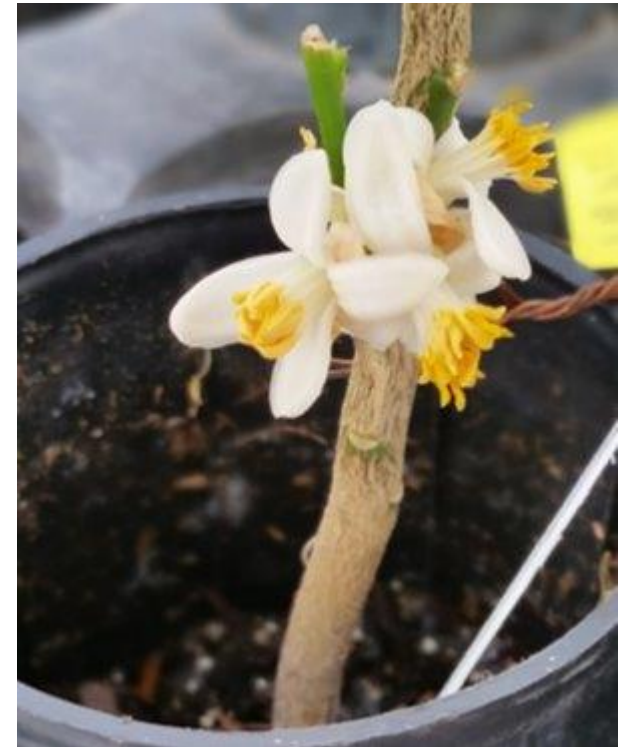
Adult ACP emergence after mating



CTV-vectors to Induce Early Flowering in Citrus

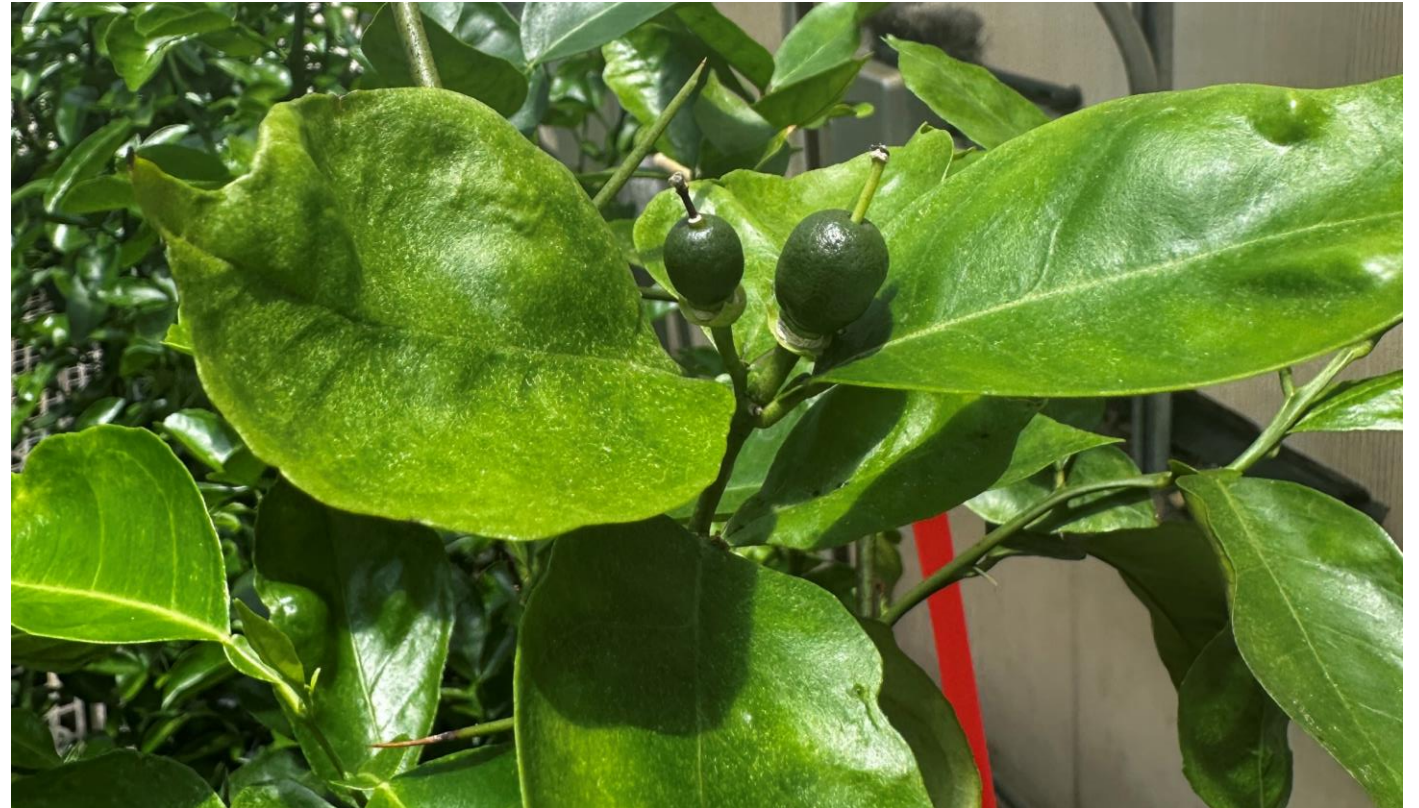


FT = *Flowering locus T*



CTV-vectors to Induce Early Flowering in Citrus

Induction of early flowering in CRISPR modified plant



Conclusion

- Successfully identified potential therapeutics for HLB management. Continue working on identifying better therapeutics.
- Stability of CTV vector specifically with antimicrobial peptides enables its use as a bridge until a permanent solution is available
- Working to improve efficient early flowering system for all citrus genotypes.

Collaborators

Acknowledgments

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Bryony Bonning (Bt-pesticidal proteins)

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Amit Levy (Modulate plant response)

Manjul Dutt (Modulate plant response & Early flowering)

Nabil Killiny, Michelle Heck and Judy Brown (ACP-RNAi)



United States Department of Agriculture
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THANK YOU

Happy to answer any questions