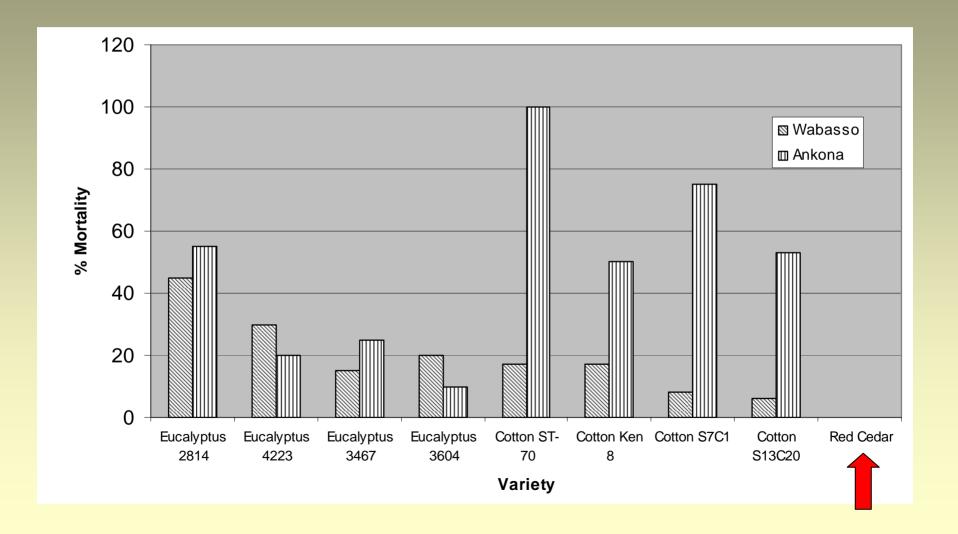
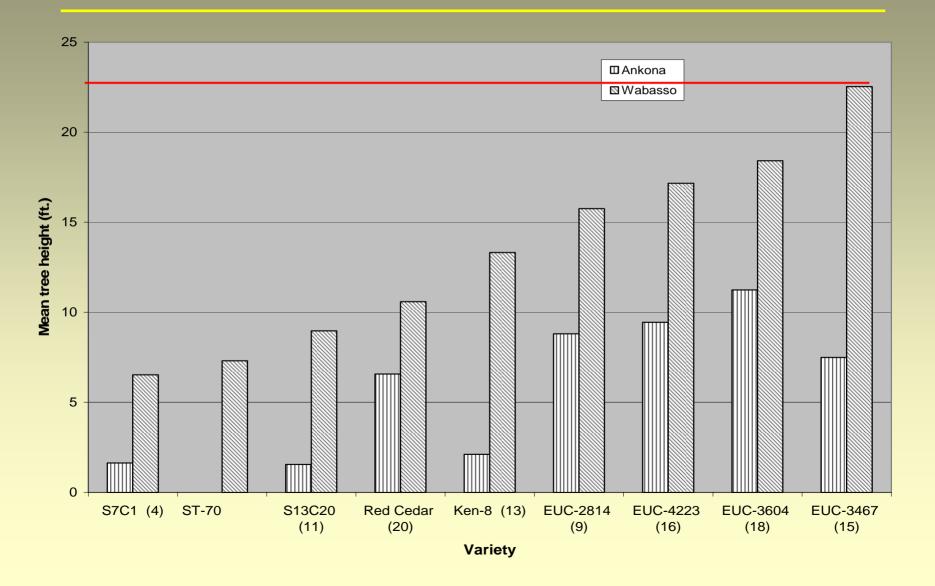
The Florida Experience: Windbreak types

- Natural native plants left intact after agricultural development and/or recolonization by native plants.
- Living native and exotic plants used intentionally for this particular purpose.
- Artificial man-made.
- Shelter belts A living windbreak with depth.
- Conservation buffer Land areas designed to lessen or absorb impacts between areas of disturbance and natural resources including streams, wetlands, and forests.

- 4-year study by Stover, Salvatore, and Rockwood at the IRREC.
- Cottonwood, and red cedar, selections of E. grandis.
- 2 Spodosol sites
- 20 trees/species or selection in each soil.
- Planted in double off-set rows 3 ft apart.
- No fertilizer, but irrigated first two years on nearby grove schedule.





Conclusions:

- Careful selection of *Eucalyptus* clones.
 - fastest growth
 - widely adapted
 - easy to establish
 - can be topped
 - cheap
- Red cedar performed well.
 - slower growing
 - no problems
 - widely adapted





Australian pine



Root suckers

Seedlings

Casuarina spp.



Oat windbreak for cantaloupes



Slash pines and napier grass protecting strawberries



Three rows of slash pine in the flatwoods



Sand pine on the Ridge



Two rows of slash pines planted 8 x 8 ft. North side.



Four rows of slash pines planted 8 x 8 ft. West side.

Windbreak around citrus research unit, UF campus, Gainesville



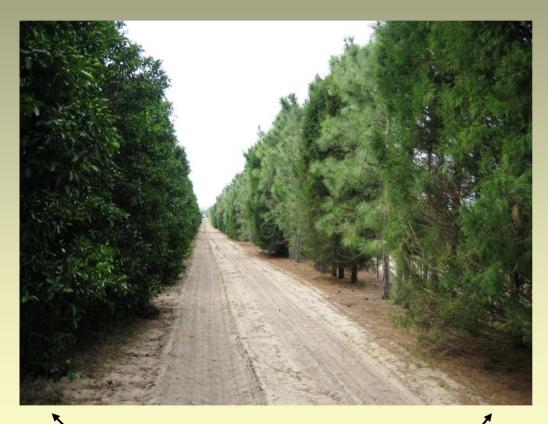
Double offset rows of red cedar planted 5 x 5 ft.



Cedars are complemented with a single row of slash pine 15 ft. from the cedars and 10 ft apart.

Windbreak between Southern Citrus nursery and Budwood Foundation Grove, Dundee

The *Present* Florida Experience: a case study from Avon Park



25 ft from citrus row to windbreak row

- 60-acre Sunburst/Murcott grove.
- Planted in 1985 north of Avon Park.
- Single-row Pine Red cedar windbreak planted w/ citrus.
- Irrigated windbreak.
- Pine needle mulch eventually controlled weeds.
- 30 ft. from trunk of citrus end-tree to windbreak trunks.
- Pines topped at 21 ft every ~3 years.

The *Present* Florida Experience: a case study from Avon Park



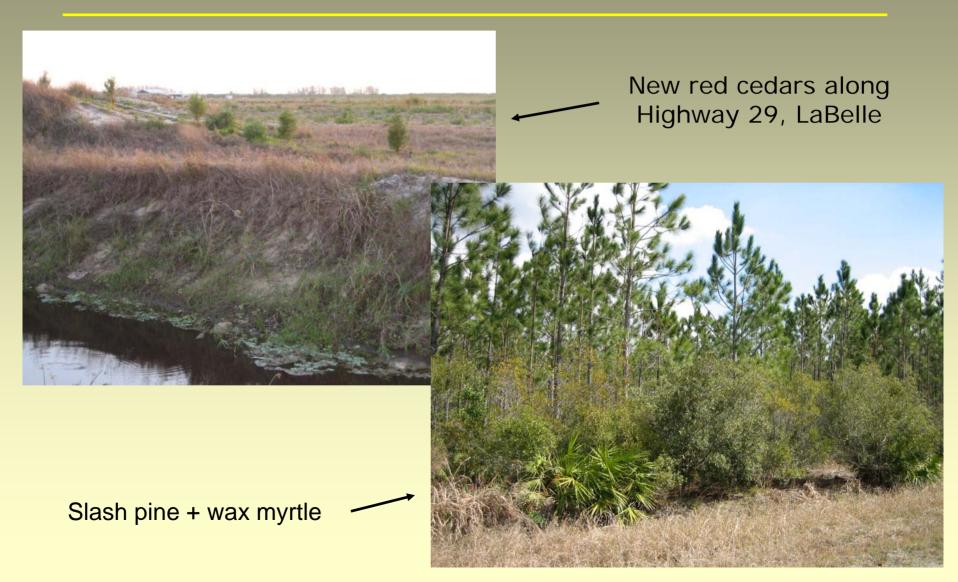
The *Present* Florida Experience: a case study from Zephyrhills



The *Present* Florida Experience: a case study from Zephyrhills



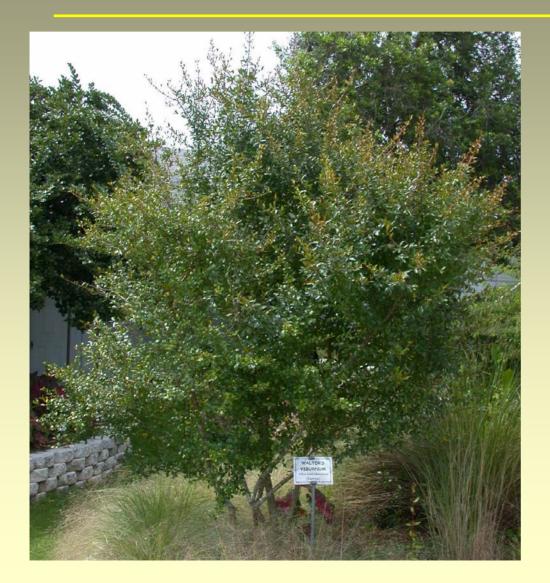
- Planted slash pine-red cedar 1991.
- Planted fresh-fruit grove in 1992.
- Windbreak every 4 rows.
- Pines grew 10 ft. in ~ 3 years.
- Pines planted 4 ft. apart in two rows 8 ft. apart.
- Cedars planted between pine rows.
- 25 to 30 ft from WB to citrus.
- No irrigation on WBs or citrus.





Simpson's Stopper

- Full sun or shade
- Loves high pH
- Tolerates wetness
- Tolerates dryness
- High salt tolerance
- Shears well



Walter's Viburnum

- Full sun or shade
- Loves high pH
- Tolerates wetness
- Tolerates dryness
- High salt tolerance





The Florida Experience

For more plant information, see the *tables* included in the short course *notebook*.