



Summary of 2011-2012 Citrus Budget for the Indian River Production Region

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Citrus budgets are tabulated annually for the Central, Southwest and Indian River citrus production regions of Florida. The attached budget costs are for the Indian River citrus production region. These costs may not represent your particular grove situation. However, they represent the most current comparative cost estimates for Florida citrus. The budget costs items for the **Indian River** represent a **custom managed operation**.

Budget analysis provides the basis for many grower decisions. Budgets can be used to calculate potential profits, determine cash requirements and determine break-even prices. The budget costs presented will serve as a format for growers to analyze their own individual records. The cost data were developed by surveying custom operators, suppliers, growers, colleagues with UF/IFAS and County Extension Agents in each production region.

Although there were changes in the prices of fertilizer (8.2% increase) and chemical inputs (2.7% increase) and application costs (2.6% increase), there were no significant changes in total average cultural production costs per acre between 2010-2011 and 2011-2012. Growers have increased their focus on controlling the Asian citrus psyllid that transmits HLB-greening disease incorporating more aerial and low-volume ground spray applications to reduce total spray costs. To reduce the total materials applied by 15% to 20% and reduce total cultural-production costs, growers are using electronic sensors on their fertilizer spreaders and herbicide and PTO sprayers. Also, growers have begun including calcium with at least one-half of their fertilizer applications.

The 2011-2012 comparative budget summary is for a fresh market grapefruit cultural program. There are two scenarios presented for the budget costs: 1) **Traditional HLB Management Program** and 2) **Cultural Program With an Enhanced Foliar Nutrient Program.** Scenario one represents costs of traditional HLB grove practices which include HLB scouting and removal of symptomatic trees but does not include an enhanced foliar nutrient program. Scenario two is the same cultural program for scenario one without HLB scouting and removal of symptomatic trees but does not include an enhanced foliar nutrient program. Scenario two is the same cultural program for scenario one without HLB scouting and removal of symptomatic trees but includes the costs of an enhanced foliar nutrient program that most growers are now using to maintain and improve the health and yield of their citrus trees. The enhanced foliar spray program consists of five foliar nutrient applications of which three are included with other spray applications and two additional PTO applications. Each budget scenario shows a Total Cost Per Acre without and with resetting-tree replacement.

With the introduction of citrus greening in 2005, Florida citrus growers have had to develop new management strategies such as to identify and remove infected trees along with adding new spray programs to control the insect vector, the Asian citrus psyllid. During the past couple of years, many growers have decided not to remove HLB symptomatic trees and have begun adding a foliar nutritional formulation to their air-blast ground spray applications. Likewise, with the end of the citrus canker eradication program in 2006, to reduce the impact of canker infestations on new tree flushes and reduce fruit drop, copper spray material is being added with each spray tank mix. For fruit grown for the fresh fruit market, additional costs are incurred by

growers to assure that the blocks and fruit can be certified "canker free" for shipments to the U.S. domestic and European markets. The estimated additional costs required to manage citrus greening and canker were based on the cultural programs being implemented in UF/IFAS CREC research groves and information from citrus growers. These costs were incorporated into Tables 1 and 2.

The budgets shown in Table 1 list the costs of individual grove care practices normally performed in a citrus grove. These costs reflect current grove practices being performed by growers. The estimated costs are for a mature grove (10+ years old); the grove care costs for a specific grove site may differ depending upon the tree age; tree density and the actual grove practices performed. For example, tree losses due to blight, tristeza or citrus greening could increase the tree replacement costs by double or more. Travel and set-up costs may vary due to the size of a citrus grove and the distance from the grove equipment barn. Citrus canker and greening control costs will also vary between individual blocks due to variety and fresh or processed market destination.

In previous citrus budgets, the traditional citrus psyllid HLB-greening management included a soil-applied Temik treatment in January along with five ground spray applications. The 2011-12 HLB spray programs (refer to Table 1) include a total of eight applications and four additional sprays for canker control. Spray applications include 125 GPA ground sprays, until low-volume ground sprays and aerial sprays. Also, spray costs to control citrus black spot would be about \$83.48 per acre.

The comparative budget costs are shown as an expanded "total grower costs" format in Table 2 and are presented with and without an enhanced foliar nutrient program as well as no resetting and resetting. The total grower costs include cultural/production, management, regulatory and a charge on the initial investment costs. The costs are presented on a per acre unit basis.

Break-even prices for fresh market grapefruit are shown in Table 3 for yields ranging from 250 to 600 boxes per acre and for the 2011-12 state average yield of 414 boxes per acre. Under a traditional HLB management program and **without** the enhanced foliar nutrient program and **no resetting**, the delivered-in break-even price ranged from \$12.81 to \$6.88 per box and at the state average yield \$8.78 per box; **with resetting** the break-even prices ranged from \$13.73 to \$7.26 per box and at the state average yield \$9.34 per box. Under a no HLB scouting and symptomatic tree removal program but **with** an enhanced foliar nutrient program and **no resetting**, the delivered-in break-even prices ranged from \$13.66 to \$7.23 per box and at the state average yield \$9.29 per box; **with resetting** these break-even prices ranged from \$14.38 to \$7.53 per box and at the state average yield \$9.72 per box.

In Table 4, the total estimated F.O.B. costs for fresh packed grapefruit are shown. The F.O.B. costs are presented for "fresh fruit packout percentage rates" ranging from 25% to 100%.

The three ADDENDA tables provide the detailed information on the herbicide, spray and fertilizer programs used in the comparative budgets.

Additional information on budgeting and cost analysis can be obtained by contacting the author, your County Extension Citrus Agent, or going to the Lake Alfred UF/IFAS CREC Extension-Economics website: http://www.crec.ifas.ufl.edu/extension/economics.

Reference-Source Information

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- Muraro, Ronald P. "Planting and Annual Cultural Maintenance Costs for Reset-Replacement Trees in a Florida Citrus Grove – 2012." UF/IFAS CREC Website: www.crec.ifas.ufl.edu/extension/economics September 2012. 3 pages.
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- Muraro, Ronald P. "Summary of 2011-2012 Citrus Budgets for the Central Florida Citrus Production Region." UF/IFAS CREC Website: <u>www.crec.ifas.ufl.edu/extension/economics</u> September 2012. 11 pages.
- Muraro, Ronald P. "Summary of 2011-2012 Citrus Budgets for the Southwest Florida Citrus Production Region." UF/IFAS CREC Website: <u>www.crec.ifas.ufl.edu/extension/economics</u> September 2012. 11 pages.

Table 1. A Listing of Estimated Comparative Indian River Production Costs per Acre for	Fresh Market Grapefruit, 2011-
2012 ^z	-

Costs represent a mature (10+ years old)		Processed Cult		
Indian River Grapefruit Grove.	With Canke	er-Greening	With Canke	r-Greening
	(WITHOU'		(WITH Enha	
	Foliar Nutr	ient Spray)	Nutrient	Spray)
PRODUCTION/CULTURAL COSTS ^y				
Weed Management/Control:				
Mechanical Mow Middles (4 times per year)	\$ 52.84		\$ 52.84	
Chemical Mow Middles (2 times per year)	12.79		12.79	
General Grove Work (2 labor hours per acre)	33.60		33.60	
Herbicide (1/2 tree acre treated): (See Supplemental Table 1 - Herbicide Programs #1, #2 and #3)	127.25		127.25	
Total Weed Management Costs	<u>137.25</u>	236.48	<u>137.25</u>	236.48
-		230.40		250.40
<u>Spray/Pest Management</u> : (See Supplemental Table 3) With Greening: Spray Programs #1, #2 @ 3, #3, #4, #5, #6, #7, #8, #9 and	l #10	771.68		771.68
Enhanced Foliar Nutrient Spray ^x				265.98
Fertilizer (Bulk): 4 Applications – 160 lbs/acre (See Supplemental Table 2)		308.96		308.96
Fert. Prog. #5 – 4 Applications: 16-2-16-34MgO @ 160 lbs N				
Dolomite (one ton applied every 4 years) (Material/Application)		18.73		18.73
<u>Pruning</u> : ^w Topping ($$29.20/A \div 2 \text{ yrs}$)	14.55		14.55	
Hedging ($$28.19/A \div 2$ yrs)	14.09		14.09	
Chop/Mow Brush after Hedging (\$15.48/A ÷ 2 yrs)	7.74		7.74	
Raise Skirts of Trees ($23.50/A \div 2$ yrs)	<u>11.75</u>		<u>11.75</u>	
Total Pruning Cost		48.13		48.13
Irrigation: Microsprinkler System ^v	165.15		165.15	
Clean Ditches (Weed Control)	17.71		17.71	
Ditch and Canal Maintenance	16.67		16.67	
Water Control (Pump water in/out of Ditches and Canals	16.08		16.08	
Total Irrigation Cost		215.61		215.61
Tree Removal & Site Cleanup-Preparation				
(Remove Trees: Pull, Stack & Burn; Clip-Shear and/or Front End Loader)		67.06		57.05
(7 trees/acre with HLB-greening; 5 trees/acre with enhanced foliar nutrient				
Field Inspections for Citrus Greening (4 inspections @ \$27.74) or for Scouting for	or Psyllids	110.96		55.48
Clean Blocks Before Certification and Harvesting		35.15		35.15
Inspections Before "Canker Free" Certification (2 inspections @ \$26.90)		53.80		53.80
Mandatory Citrus Canker Decontamination Costs		31.77		31.77
TOTAL PROCESSED PRODUCTION COSTS WITHOUT				
TREE REPLACEMENT-RESET COSTS		<u>1,898.33</u>		<u>2,098.82</u>
Tree Replacement – 1 thru 3 years of age (7 trees/acre with HLB-greening; 5 trees/acre with enhanced foliar nutrient				
Prepare Site and Plant Tree (includes reset trees)	69.65		51.50	
Supplemental Fertilizer, Sprays, Sprout, etc. (Trees 1-3 years old)	148.96		<u>119.75</u>	
Total Tree Replacement Cost	140.70	218.61	<u>117.75</u>	171.25
TOTAL PROCESSED PRODUCTION COSTS WITH				
TREE REPLACEMENT-RESET COSTS		\$ <u>2,116.94</u>		\$ <u>2,270.07</u>

^zThe listed estimated comparative costs are for the example grove situation and may not represent your particular grove situation in Indian River Florida.

Source: Ronald P. Muraro, Extension Farm Management Economics, University of Florida, IFAS, CREC, Lake Alfred, FL, September 2012.

Footnotes Refer to Table 1.

^yIndian River production area refers to the citrus producing counties on Florida's east coast.

Where **equipment use** or **application** is listed (discing, hedging, spray application, etc.), an **average custom charge** (cost) is used which includes a charge for equipment repairs, maintenance, labor and overhead management charges/costs. A **management charge** for equipment supervision and fruit marketing is **not included**. Management charges/costs could be based on a monthly charge (\$3 to \$6/acre) or percentage of gross sales. In addition to these charges, a harvesting supervision cost (10¢ to 20¢/box) for overseeing and coordinating harvesting may be charged. Other cost items which are not included in the budget are ad valorem taxes and interest on grove investment. In addition to these cost items, overhead and administrative costs, such as water drainage/district taxes, crop insurance, and other grower assessments, can add up to 12% to the total grove care costs. These costs vary from grove to grove depending on age, location, and time of purchase or establishment and are estimated in the expanded Table 2.

Included in the materials expense is a supervision (or handling) charge of 10% of cost/price of the materials.

The budget cost items have been revised to reflect current grove practices being used by growers–e.g., chemical mowing, different spray materials, and rates of fertilization, microsprinkler irrigation, more reset trees, hedging and topping practices, etc. Therefore, the revised costs for each grove practice shown may be higher, or lower, than previously reported.

Although the estimated annual per acre grove costs listed are representative for a mature citrus grove (10+ years old), the grove care costs for a specific grove site may differ depending upon the tree age, tree density and the grove practices performed; e.g., spot herbicide for grass/brush regrowth under trees could add an additional \$20.53 per acre; extensive tree loss due to blight, tristeza, or citrus greening could substantially increase the tree replacement and care costs; travel and set-up costs may vary due to size of the citrus grove and distance from grove equipment barn and could add \$62.50 per trip.

^xThe enhanced foliar spray program consists of five foliar nutrient applications of which three are included with other spray applications and two additional PTO applications.

^wPer acre costs shown in parenthesis are for 2012.

^vIrrigation Expense includes the following:

	<u>Microsprinkler</u>	<u>Drip</u>
Variable Operating Expense (Diesel)*	\$ 77.81	\$ 69.10
Fixed-Variable Expense (annual maintenance repairs to system)	30.78	28.47
Total Cash Expenses**	\$108.59	\$ 97.57
Fixed-Depreciation Expense	56.56	45.25
Total Cash and Fixed Expense	\$ <u>165.15</u>	\$ <u>142.82</u>

* Adjusted for higher fuel costs.

** Where applies, there may be an additional cost of \$16.08 per acre for water control in/out of ditches and canals plus \$16.67 per acre for ditch and canal maintenance plus \$17.71 for weed control in ditches and canals.

Source: Ronald P. Muraro, Extension Farm Management Economist, University of Florida, IFAS, CREC, Lake Alfred, FL, September 2012.

Represents a mature (10+ years old) Indian River Grapefruit Grove.	Traditional HLB Management Fresh Market Cultural Program With Canker and HLB-Greening Without Additional Foliar Nutrient Sprays	Traditional HLB Management Fresh Market Cultural Program With Canker and HLB-Greening With Additional Foliar Nutrient Sprays
<u>NO Resetting-Tree Replacement</u>	\$/Acre	\$/Acre
Total Production/Cultural Costs	\$1,898.33	\$2,098.82
Interest on Operating (Cultural) Costs	94.92	104.94
Management Costs	48.00	48.00
Taxes/Regulatory Costs:		
Property Tax/Water Management Tax	61.00	61.00
Fly Protocol	56.65	56.65
Water Drainage District Tax	65.21	65.21
Total Direct Grower Costs	\$2,224.11	\$2,434.62
Interest on Average Capital Investment Costs	321.22	_ 321.22
Total Grower Costs Without Resetting	\$ <u>2,545.32</u>	\$ <u>2,755.84</u>
WITH Resetting-Tree Replacement	\$/Acre	\$/Acre
Total Production/Cultural Costs	\$2,116.94	\$2,270.07
Other Grower Costs	657.92	665.58
Total Grower Costs With Resetting	\$ <u>2,774.86</u>	\$ <u>2,935.65</u>

Table 2. Estimated total grower costs for Indian River Grapefruit grown for the fresh fruit market with citrus
canker and HLB-greening, 2011-12

SOURCE: Ronald P. Muraro, University of Florida-IFAS, Citrus Research and Education Center, Lake Alfred, FL, September 2012.

Box Yield Per Acre						State Average		
250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	414
With Citr	us Canker an	d HLB-Greenii	ng and <mark>Withou</mark>	ut Additional F	Foliar Nutrier	it Spray		
		Ι	Delivered-in Pi	rice Per Box ^a				
NO Reset	ting-Tree Ro	eplacement						
\$12.81	\$11.12	\$9.91	\$9.00	\$8.29	\$7.72	\$7.26	\$6.88	\$8.78
WITH Re	esetting-Tree	e Replacement						
\$13.73	\$11.88	\$10.56	\$9.57	\$8.80	\$8.18	\$7.68	\$7.26	\$9.34
With Citr	us Canker and	d HLB-Greenii	ng and With A	Additional Folia	ar Nutrient Sj	pray		
		Ι	Delivered-in Pi	rice Per Box ^a				
<u>NO Reset</u>	ting-Tree Ro	eplacement						
\$13.66	\$11.82	\$10.51	\$9.52	\$8.76	\$8.14	\$7.64	\$7.23	\$9.29
<u>WITH Re</u>	esetting-Tree	e Replacement						
\$14.38	\$12.42	\$11.02	\$9.97	\$9.16	\$8.50	\$7.97	\$7.53	\$9.72

 Table 3.
 Delivered-in Break-even Price for Fresh Market Grapefruit in Indian River, 2011-12

^aAssumes: \$2.293 per box for harvesting costs (pick & haul); \$0.34 per box for FDOC assessment.

	Percent Pack Box Yield Pe		25% 429	Percent Pach Box Yield P		40% 429	Percent Pack Box Yield P		55% 429
	Per Acre	Per Box	Per Carton	Per Acre	Per Box	Per Carton	Per Acre	Per Box	Per Carton
Total Production/Cultural Costs	\$2,270.07	\$21.17	\$10.58	\$2,270.07	\$13.23	\$6.61	\$2,270.07	\$9.62	\$4.81
Interest on Operating (Cultural) Costs	113.50	1.06	0.53	113.50	0.66	0.33	113.50	0.48	0.24
Management	48.00	0.45	0.22	48.00	0.28	0.14	48.00	0.20	0.10
Taxes/Regulatory	182.86	1.70	0.85	182.86	1.07	0.53	182.86	0.77	0.39
Interest on Average Capital Investment	321.22	3.00	1.50	321.22	1.87	0.94	321.22	1.36	0.68
Harvesting (Pick/Spot Pick, Haul, DOC Tax, Etc.	<u>1,129.56</u>	<u>10.53</u>	5.27	<u>1,129.56</u>	6.58	3.29	<u>1,129.56</u>	4.79	2.39
Total Delivered-In Cost	\$4,065.21	\$37.90	\$18.95	\$4,065.21	\$23.69	\$11.85	\$4,065.21	\$17.23	\$8.61
Packing & Selling	1,098.24	10.24	5.12	1,757.18	10.24	5.12	2,416.13	10.24	5.12
Net Fresh Eliminations Costs ^a	-2,051.48	<u>-19.13</u>	<u>-9.56</u>	<u>-1,641.18</u>	<u>-9.56</u>	<u>-4.78</u>	<u>-1,230.89</u>	-5.22	-2.61
Total F.O.B. Costs	<u>\$3,111.97</u>	<u>\$29.02</u>	<u>\$14.51</u>	<u>\$4,181.21</u>	<u>\$24.37</u>	<u>\$12.18</u>	<u>\$5,250.45</u>	<u>\$22.25</u>	<u>\$11.13</u>
	Percent Pack Box Yield Pe		70% 429	Percent Pack Box Yield P		85% 429	Percent Pack Box Yield P		100% 429
	Per Acre	Per Box	Per Carton	Per Acre	Per Box	Per Carton	Per Acre	Per Box	Per Carton
Total Production/Cultural Costs	\$2,270.07	\$7.56	\$3.78	\$2,270.07	\$6.23	\$3.11	\$2,270.07	\$5.29	\$2.65
Interest on Operating (Cultural) Costs	113.50	0.38	0.19	113.50	0.31	0.16	113.50	0.26	0.13
Management	48.00	0.16	0.08	48.00	0.13	0.07	48.00	0.11	0.06
Taxes/Regulatory	182.86	0.61	0.30	182.86	0.50	0.25	182.86	0.43	0.21
Interest on Average Capital			0.50	201.00	0.00	0.44	321.22	0.75	0.37
Investment	321.22	1.07	0.53	321.22	0.88	0.44	521.22	0.75	
0 1	321.22 <u>1,129.56</u>	1.07 <u>3.76</u>	0.53 <u>1.88</u>	<u>321.22</u> <u>1,129.56</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>1,129.56</u>	2.63	<u>1.32</u>
Investment Harvesting (Pick/Spot Pick,									
Investment Harvesting (Pick/Spot Pick, Haul, DOC Tax, Etc.	<u>1,129.56</u>	3.76	1.88	<u>1,129.56</u>	_3.10	1.55	<u>1,129.56</u>	2.63	<u>1.32</u>
Investment Harvesting (Pick/Spot Pick, Haul, DOC Tax, Etc. Total Delivered-In Cost	<u>1,129.56</u> \$4,065.21	<u>3.76</u> \$13.54	<u>1.88</u> \$6.77	<u>1,129.56</u> \$4,065.21	<u>3.10</u> \$11.15	<u> </u>	<u>1,129.56</u> \$4,065.21	<u>2.63</u> \$9.48	<u>1.32</u> \$4.74

 Table 4. Estimated F.O.B. Cost for Fresh Market Indian River Grapefruit, 2011-12 – with Citrus Canker and Greening and Resetting and Foliar Nutrient Program

^a "Net Eliminations Cost" equals the average yield of 5.00 pound solids per box times \$1.53 per pound solids less packinghouse elimination charge and cannery hauling charge of \$1.27 per box.

		Amount		
Program	Materials/Ingredients	treated acre	Price/unit	Cost/acre ^a
#1	Solicam 80 DF	3 lbs	\$23.88	\$35.82
	Karmex WP	4 lbs	6.49	12.98
	Ranger-Pro	4 pts	2.29	4.57
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.44	1.22
	Total Materials Cost			54.59
	Application Cost/Acre	1 time	\$14.74	<u>14.74</u>
	Total Cost/Application P	rogram #1		\$ <u>69.33</u>
#2	Prowl H ₂ O	6 pts	\$ 5.45	\$16.36
	Simazine 4L	8 pts	2.93	11.73
	Ranger-Pro	4 pts	2.29	4.57
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.44	1.22
	Total Materials Cost	-		32.66
	Application Cost/Acre	1 time	\$14.74	14.74
	Total Cost/Application P	rogram #2		\$ <u>47.39</u>
#3	Ranger-Pro	4 pts	\$ 2.29	\$ 4.57
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.44	1.22
	Total Materials Cost	-		5.79
	Application Cost/Acre	1 time	\$14.74	14.74
	Total Cost/Application P	rogram #3		\$ <u>20.53</u>
#4	Alion	5 ozs	\$12.50	\$31.25
	Ranger-Pro	4 pts	2.29	4.57
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.44	1.22
	Total Materials Cost	-		37.04
	Application Cost/Acre	1 time	\$14.74	<u>14.74</u>
	Total Cost/Application P	rogram #4		\$ <u>51.78</u>
#5	Ranger-Pro	1 pt	\$2.29	\$1.14
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	0.5 pt	2.44	0.61
	Total Materials Cost	*		1.75
	Application Cost/Acre	1 time	\$5.25	5.25
	(Chemical Mow)			
	Total Cost/Application P	Program #5		\$ <u>7.00</u>

Supplemental Table 1. Herbicide programs used in the Indian River citrus production budgets 2011-2012

^aHerbicide applied to 50% of grove area.

2011-201	12		
Program	Analysis/Material Applied	Amount/Acre (lbs)	Cost/Acre
#1 – 4 applications (180 lbs of nitrogen/acre)	12-2-12-2.4 MgO Application Cost Total Fertilizer Costs for Pre	1,250 lbs ogram #1	\$326.61 <u>47.40</u> \$ <u>374.01</u>
#2 – 4 applications (180 lbs of nitrogen/acre)	15-2-15-3 MgO Application Cost Total Fertilizer Costs for Pre	1,200 lbs ogram #2	\$307.05 <u>47.40</u> \$ <u>354.45</u>
#3 – 4 applications (180 lbs of nitrogen/acre)	15-2-15-2.4MgO-5Ca Application Cost Total Fertilizer Costs for Pre	1,200 lbs ogram #3	\$351.62 <u>47.40</u> \$ <u>399.02</u>
#4 – 4 applications (200 lbs of nitrogen/acre)	16-0-16-4 MgO Application Cost Total Fertilizer Costs for Pre	1,250 lbs ogram #4	\$327.15 <u>47.40</u> \$ <u>374.55</u>
#5 – 4 applications (160 lbs of nitrogen/acre)	16-2-16-3 MgO Application Cost Total Fertilizer Costs for Pre	1,000 lbs ogram #5	\$261.56 <u>47.40</u> \$ <u>308.96</u>
Dolomite/Lime (one application every 3 years)	Dolomite Application Cost Total Dolomite Costs/Acre Annual Dolomite Costs/Acre	2,000 lbs	\$46.43 _ <u>9.77</u> \$ <u>56.20</u> \$ <u>18.73</u>

Supplemental Table 2. Fertilizer programs used in the Indian River citrus production budgets 2011-2012

Program	Analysis/Material Applied	Amount/Acre	Cost/Acre
#1 (at first Flush or February)	Danitol Aerial Low Volume Fix Wing (+/- 5 GPA) Total Spray Program #1 Cost	1 pt	\$21.75 <u>5.25</u> \$ <u>27.00</u>
#2 (early July, mid-August, October)	Copper - Kocide 3000 PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA Total Spray Program #2 Costs Total Cost for 3 Sprays	2 lbs	\$ 15.64 <u>30.21</u> <u>45.85</u> \$ <u>137.56</u>
#3 (early April – Post Bloom)	Dimethoate 4EC Copper - Kocide 3000 Zn (Zinc) Mn (Manganese) B (Borates) Adjuvant-Surfactant Total Materials Cost PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA Total Spray Program #3 Cost	1 pt 2.5 lbs 3 lbs 3 lbs 0.25 lb 1 pt	\$ 6.02 19.55 3.83 2.53 0.31 <u>2.68</u> 34.93 <u>30.21</u> \$ <u>65.14</u>
#4 (late April)	Mustang Copper - Kocide 3000 Total Materials Cost PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA Total Spray Program #4 Cost	4.3 ozs 2 lbs	\$ 5.10 <u>15.64</u> 20.74 <u>30.21</u> \$ <u>50.95</u>
#5 (early May)	Copper - Kocide 3000 Headline EC Total Materials Cost PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA Total Spray Program #5 Cost	2 lbs 12 ozs	\$15.64 <u>36.93</u> 52.58 <u>30.21</u> \$ <u>82.79</u>
#6 (late May)	Micromite 80 WGS Copper - Kocide 3000 Enable 2F Total Materials Cost PTO Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA Total Spray Program #6 Cost	6.25 ozs 2 lbs 2.5 ozs	\$34.87 15.64 <u>16.07</u> 66.58 <u>30.21</u> \$<u>96.79</u>

Supplemental Table 3. Spray programs used in the Indian River citrus production budgets 2011-2012

Program	Analysis/Material Applied	Amount/Acre	Cost/Acre
#7 (early-mid June -	Copper - Kocide 3000	2 lbs	\$ 15.64
Summer Oil)	Movento	10 ozs	33.75
	Spray Oil (97+%)	5 gals	30.18
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.68
	Total Materials Cost	-	\$ 82.26
	PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA		30.21
	Total Spray Program #7 Cost		\$ <u>112.47</u>
#8 (late July)	Evindor 2 SC	15 ozs	\$33.27
· • •	Copper - Kocide 3000	2 lbs	15.64
	Actara 25 WG	4 ozs	8.50
	Zn (Zinc)	3 lbs	3.83
	Mn (Manganese)	3 lbs	2.53
	B (Borates)	0.25 lb	0.31
	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.68
	Total Materials Cost		66.76
	PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA		<u>30.21</u>
	Total Spray Program #8 Cost		\$ <u>96.97</u>
#9 (September)	Vendex 50W	2 lbs	\$45.83
	Copper - Kocide 3000	2 lbs	<u>15.64</u>
	Total Materials Cost		61.48
	PTO-Air Blast Sprayer @ 125 GPA		<u>30.21</u>
	Total Spray Program #9 Cost		\$ <u>91.69</u>
#10 (late October or	Mustang	4.3 ozs	\$ 5.10
November)	Aerial LV Fix Wing (+/- 5 GPA)		5.25
	Total Spray Program #10 Cost		\$ <u>10.35</u>
#11 (late September or	Danitol	1 pt	\$21.75
October)	Vendex 50W	2 lbs	<u>45.83</u>
	Total Materials Cost		67.58
	Fixed Wing Spraying @ 10 GPA		7.81
	Total Spray Program #11 Cost		\$75.39
#12 (late September or	Malathion 5 EC	2 pts	\$ 8.93
October)	Vendex 50W	2 lbs	<u>45.83</u>
	Total Materials Cost		54.77
	Fixed Wing Spraying @ 10 GPA		7.81
	Total Spray Program #12 Cost		\$62.58

Supplemental Table 3. Spray programs used in the Indian River citrus production budgets 2011-2012 (cont'd.)

Program	Analysis/Material Applied	Amount/Acre	Cost/Acre
#13 (mid-October or	Imidan 70W	1 lb	\$11.69
November)	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.68
	Total Materials Cost		14.37
	Aerial LV Fix Wing (+/- 5 GPA)		5.25
	Total Spray Program #13 Cost		\$ <u>19.62</u>
#14 (February and/or	Danitol	1 pt	\$21.75
November)	Aerial LV Fix Wing (+/- 5 GPA)	-	5.25
	Total Spray Program #14 Cost		\$ <u>27.00</u>
#15 (February and/or	Malathion 5 EC	2 pts	\$ 8.93
November)	Aerial LV Fix Wing @ 5 GPA		5.25
	Total Spray Program #15 Cost		\$ <u>14.18</u>
#16 (February and/or	Malathion 5 EC	2 pts	\$ 8.93
November)	Ground LV Sprayer (every middle)	Ĩ	12.64
	Total Spray Program #16 Cost		\$ <u>21.57</u>
#17 (April and/or	Dimethoate 4EC	1 pt	\$ 6.02
May)	Adjuvant-Surfactant	1 pt	2.68
	Total Materials Cost		8.70
	Ground LV Sprayer (every other middle)		7.11
	Total Spray Program #17 Cost		\$ <u>15.81</u>

Supplemental Table 3. Spray programs used in the Indian River citrus production budgets 2011-2012 (cont'd.)